Name:

## Math 141- Midterm Exam#3 - November 12, 2007

1. (20 points) Let  $f(x) = \frac{x}{x^2+1}$ . Find the global maximum and global minimum values of f(x) on the interval [0,2].

2. (5 points) Complete the following definition. A function f(x) has a *local minimum* at x = c if  $\cdots$ .

3. (15 points) Let  $f(x) = \frac{x}{x+2}$ . Verify that f(x) satisfies the hypotheses of the Mean Value Theorem on the interval [1,4]. Then find all numbers c that satisfy the conclusion of the Mean Value Theorem.

## 4. (15 points) The graph of the *derivative* f' of a function f is shown. a. On what intervals is f increasing or decreasing?

- b. At what values of x does f have a local maximum or minimum?
- c. At what values of x does the graph of f(x) have inflection points?

## 5. (**20 points**) Let

$$f(x) = (x^2 - 1)^{2/3}.$$

Then:

$$f'(x) = \frac{4}{3} \frac{x}{(x^2 - 1)^{1/3}}, \qquad f''(x) = \frac{4}{9} \frac{(x^2 - 3)}{(x^2 - 1)^{4/3}}.$$

a. Find all x and y intercepts and any asymptotes.

b. Find the intervals where f(x) is increasing or decreasing and any local maximums or local minimums.

c. Find the intervals where f(x) is concave up or concave down, and determine any inflection points.

d. Neatly sketch the graph of y = f(x), Label the x and y coordinates of any intercepts, local extrema and inflection points.

6. (15 points) Find the dimensions of the rectangle of largest area that has its base on the x-axis and its other two vertices above the x-axis and lying on the parabola  $y = 8 - x^2$ .

7. (10 points) Evaluate the following limits:

$$a. \lim_{x \to 0^+} \frac{\cos x}{x}, \qquad b. \lim_{x \to \infty} (e^x + x)^{1/x}$$